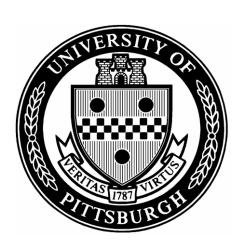
UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH



FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR 2012



KPMG LLP
BNY Mellon Center
Suite 2500
500 Grant Street
Pittsburgh, PA 15219-2598

Independent Auditors' Report

The Board of Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh-Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of the University of Pittsburgh – Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education (the University) as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the related consolidated statements of activities and cash flows for the years then ended. These consolidated financial statements are the responsibility of the University's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the University's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the University of Pittsburgh-Of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the results of their changes in net assets and their cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

KPMG LLP

September 18, 2012

University of Pittsburgh Consolidated Balance Sheets June 30, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands of dollars)

	2012	2011
ASSETS:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 47,751	\$ 87,061
Operating investments (Notes 4 and 5)	627,386	621,599
Investments held under securities lending program (Note 1)	-	101,855
Accounts and notes receivable, net (Note 2)	158,464	154,188
Inventories and deferred charges	21,986	22,838
Contributions receivable, net (Note 3)	58,994	52,282
Student loans receivable, net	48,027	47,078
Deposits with bond trustees (Note 5)	8,514	49,144
Foundation assets	21,234	24,765
Endowment investments (Notes 4 and 5)	2,635,487	2,545,092
Endowed funds held by third parties	18,074	19,264
Property, plant, and equipment, net (Note 6)	1,715,731	1,674,757
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 5,361,648	\$ 5,399,923
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 100,310	\$ 118,106
Accrued payroll and related liabilities	76,713	69,638
Deferred student and other revenue	37,815	39,774
Liabilities under securities lending program (Note 1)	-	101,855
Advanced receipt of sponsored research funds	82,853	80,056
Refundable U.S. government student loans	32,559	32,259
Pension and postretirement obligations (Note 10)	431,957	305,245
Other liabilities (Note 9)	140,955	88,579
Conditional asset remediation obligation (Note 7)	40,946	40,859
Bonds and notes payable (Note 8)	1,017,134	1,032,598
TOTAL LIABILITIES	1,961,242	1,908,969
NET ASSETS:		
Unrestricted	2,184,101	2,283,697
Temporarily restricted (Notes 1 and 11)	622,629	652,304
Permanently restricted (Notes 1 and 11)	593,676	554,953
TOTAL NET ASSETS	3,400,406	3,490,954
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$ 5,361,648	\$ 5,399,923

University of Pittsburgh

Consolidated Statement of Activities

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Compared to Summary Information for the Year Ended June 30, 2011

(in thousands of dollars)

(in thousands of dollars)										
			012		_					
OPERATING REVENUES:	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total	2011					
Tuition and fees	\$ 682,545	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 682,545	\$ 642,298					
Tuition discounts	(157,468)	-	_	(157,468)	(150,823)					
Net tuition and fees	525,077	_	-	525,077	491,475					
Commonwealth appropriation	137,649	-	_	137,649	184,562					
Commonwealth grants and contracts	38,019	-	_	38,019	33,859					
Research grants and contracts	730,085	-	-	730,085	722,599					
Research grants and contracts - ARRA	50,320	-	-	50,320	78,637					
Gifts and contributions	24,234	19,014	35,790	79,038	68,499					
Endowment earnings	23,283	122	1,895	25,300	24,492					
Investment income	13,679	-	164	13,843	12,867					
Sales and services, educational and other	136,129	-	-	136,129	126,386					
Sales and services, auxiliary	132,926	-	-	132,926	129,926					
Rental revenue	18,182	-	-	18,182	18,524					
Other	68,961	-	-	68,961	69,802					
Net assets released from restrictions	14,797	(14,797)	-	-	-					
Total operating revenues	1,913,341	4,339	37,849	1,955,529	1,961,628					
OPERATING EXPENSES:										
Salaries and wages	869,173	_	-	869,173	840,039					
Fringe benefits	266,108	-	_	266,108	252,774					
Total compensation	1,135,281	-	-	1,135,281	1,092,813					
Supplies	114,140	-	-	114,140	120,832					
Business and professional	300,322	-	_	300,322	300,123					
Utilities	47,536	-	_	47,536	51,193					
Maintenance and facilities	44,906	-	_	44,906	44,600					
Depreciation	145,716	-	-	145,716	134,195					
Interest	46,631	-	_	46,631	45,892					
Other	54,598	-	_	54,598	61,016					
Total operating expenses (Note 12)	1,889,130	-	-	1,889,130	1,850,664					
Change in net assets from operating activi	ties 24,211	4,339	37,849	66,399	110,964					
OTHER ACTIVITIES:										
Realized/unrealized gains (losses) on										
investments, net of distributions	49,572	(34,014)	874	16,432	463,536					
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps		-	-	(61,629)	13,429					
Nonperiodic changes in benefit plans	. , ,			. , ,	,					
including special termination (Note 10)	(111,750)	-	-	(111,750)	16,341					
Total other activities	(123,807)	(34,014)	874	(156,947)	493,306					
CHANCE IN NEW ACCESS	(00.500	(20.555)	20.722	(00.540)	<u> </u>					
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	(99,596) 2,283,697	(29,675) 652,304	38,723 554,953	(90,548) 3,490,954	604,270 2,886,684					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.

NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR

\$ 622,629

\$ 593,676

\$ 3,400,406

\$ 3,490,954

\$ 2,184,101

University of Pittsburgh Consolidated Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2011 (in thousands of dollars)

	2011						
OPERATING REVENUES:	Unrestrict	ed	Temporarily Restricted	Per R	rmanently estricted		Total
Tuition and fees	\$ 642,25	98	\$ -	\$	-	\$	642,298
Tuition discounts	(150,82	23)	_		-		(150,823)
Net tuition and fees	491,4	75	-		-		491,475
Commonwealth appropriation	184,5	52	_		-		184,562
Commonwealth grants and contracts	33,8	59	_		-		33,859
Research grants and contracts	722,5	99	_		-		722,599
Research grants and contracts - ARRA	78,6	37	_		-		78,637
Gifts and contributions	39,7	27	14,310		14,462		68,499
Endowment earnings	21,8	56	145		2,491		24,492
Investment income	12,72	27	_		140		12,867
Sales and services, educational and other	126,3	36	_		-		126,386
Sales and services, auxiliary	129,9	26	-		-		129,926
Rental revenue	18,5	24	-		-		18,524
Other	69,8	02	-		-		69,802
Net assets released from restrictions	14,4	71	(14,471)		-		-
Total operating revenues	1,944,5	51	(16)		17,093		1,961,628
OPERATING EXPENSES:							
Salaries and wages	840,0	39	_		-		840,039
Fringe benefits	252,7	74	_		-		252,774
Total compensation	1,092,8	13	-		-		1,092,813
Supplies	120,8	32	-		-		120,832
Business and professional	300,12	23	-		-		300,123
Utilities	51,19	93	-		-		51,193
Maintenance and facilities	44,6	00	-		-		44,600
Depreciation	134,19	95	-		-		134,195
Interest	45,89	92	-		-		45,892
Other	61,0	16	-		-		61,016
Total operating expenses (Note 12)	1,850,6	54	-		-		1,850,664
Change in net assets from operating activities	93,8	87	(16)		17,093		110,964
OTHER ACTIVITIES:							
Realized/unrealized gains on							
investments, net of distributions	285,6	41	177,730		165		463,536
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps	13,4		_		_		13,429
Nonperiodic changes in benefit plans (<i>Note 10</i>)	16,3		-		_		16,341
Total other activities	315,4		177,730		165		493,306
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	409,29		177,714		17,258		604,270
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,874,39		474,590	Φ.	537,695	Φ.	2,886,684
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 2,283,69	1/	\$ 652,304	\$	554,953	\$	3,490,954

University of Pittsburgh Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 (in thousands of dollars)

		2012	2011
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS:			
End of year	\$	47,751	\$ 87,061
Beginning of year		87,061	175,362
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	(39,310)	\$ (88,301)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:			
Change in net assets	\$	(90,548)	\$ 604,270
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by			
operating activities:			
Depreciation		145,716	134,195
Net bond premium amortization		(6,226)	(10,747)
Loss on disposal of plant assets		2,408	1,639
Realized/unrealized gains on investments, net of distributions		(16,432)	(463,536)
Change in fair value of interest rate swaps		61,629	(13,429)
Contributions restricted for long-term investment		(76,621)	(54,888)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:			
Accounts, notes, contributions, and other receivables, net		(11,937)	2,391
Other assets		852	(573)
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		(9,892)	5,218
Pension and postretirement obligations		126,712	1,632
Conditional asset remediation obligation		87	556
Other liabilities		(2,178)	1,428
Government student loans and deferred revenue		1,138	(1,759)
Net cash provided by operating activities		124,708	206,397
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:			
Expended for property, plant, and equipment - University		(151,079)	(195,299)
Expended for property, plant, and equipment - commonwealth		(38,019)	(33,859)
Change in accounts payable for property, plant, and equipment		(7,904)	12,215
Change in investments held under securities lending program		101,855	(11,867)
Change in liabilities under securities lending program		(101,855)	11,867
Purchases/sales of nonendowment investments, net		(11,017)	(36,934)
Purchases of endowment investments	(1,424,870)	(580,954)
Proceeds from sales/maturities of endowment investments		1,357,327	549,214
Change in endowed funds held by third parties		-	(907)
Change in foundation assets		3,531	(3,062)
Net cash used for investing activities		(272,031)	(289,586)
CACH ELOWIC EDOM EINANCING ACTIVITIES.			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		(121 500)	(252,000)
Principal repayment of debt Proceeds from issuance of debt		(131,500) 122,262	(253,880)
		40,630	116,025 77,855
Change in deposits with bond trustees Contributions restricted for long-term investment		76,621	54,888
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities		108,013	(5,112)
rect cash provided by (used for) inhancing activities		100,013	(3,112)
CHANGE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	\$	(39,310)	\$ (88,301)
Supplemental disclosure of cash flow information:			
Cash paid for interest (excluding fees)	\$	53,268	\$ 57,422
Noncash investing activity for property, plant, and equipment-accounts payable	\$	32,180	\$ 40,084

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING AND REPORTING PRACTICES

Organization

Founded in 1787, the University of Pittsburgh of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education (the University) is an institution of higher education with a three-pronged mission to provide the highest-quality instruction for its students, engage in innovative research activities, and support the state and local community through public service programs. In its 225 year history, the University has evolved into an internationally recognized center of learning and research. The University's main campus in the City of Pittsburgh is comprised of 16 schools and several academic centers educating nearly 29,000 students in various undergraduate, graduate, and first professional programs. Four regional campuses with a total enrollment approximating 7,000 students are located throughout western Pennsylvania.

Relationship with the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

The University derives its corporate existence under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania (the commonwealth) by reason of the act of the General Assembly of the commonwealth establishing an "Academy or Public School in the town of Pittsburgh" on February 28, 1787 and from the act of February 18, 1819 incorporating the "Western University of Pennsylvania." In 1908, the University's name was changed to the "University of Pittsburgh" by order of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County. In 1966, the Pennsylvania State Legislature enacted the "University of Pittsburgh-Commonwealth Act," which changed the name of the University to the "University of Pittsburgh - of the Commonwealth System of Higher Education" and established the University as an instrumentality of the commonwealth to serve as a state-related institution in the commonwealth system of higher education. The University is a Pennsylvania nonprofit corporation subject to the Nonprofit Corporation Law of 1988.

The entire management, control, and conduct of the instructional, administrative, and financial affairs of the University are vested in the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees is composed of fifty-two members (thirty-six voting members), including twelve commonwealth trustees and sixteen special trustees elected by the board. Special trustees may attend all meetings of the board and are entitled to and exercise

all rights, responsibilities, and privileges of trusteeship, except the right to vote at board meetings.

As a state-related institution, the University receives an annual operating appropriation from the commonwealth. The appropriation is subject to the commonwealth's annual budget process. There is no assurance that such appropriation will continue to be made, or will be made, at current levels or at levels requested by the University. The appropriation from the commonwealth was \$137.6 million in 2012 and \$184.6 million in 2011. Amounts received are subject to an annual audit by the auditor general of the commonwealth.

In addition to the annual appropriation, the commonwealth also funds certain capital projects in support of the University's academic mission. Amounts funded by the commonwealth for capital projects were \$38.0 million in 2012 and \$33.9 million in 2011.

Basis of Presentation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the University, which do not include the net assets or activities of the University of Pittsburgh Medical Center (UPMC) or the University of Pittsburgh Physicians (UPP) clinical practice plans, as they are separate legal entities not controlled by the University. The University does have the right to designate one-third of the members of the UPMC Governing Board and its Executive Committee.

Other activities includes gains and losses on operating and endowment investments, changes in fair value of interest rate swap agreements, pension and postretirement changes other than net periodic cost, and other nonrecurring or unusual revenues or expenses.

Basis of Accounting

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as promulgated by the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB).

In accordance with GAAP, the University's net assets have been classified as either unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted based upon the

existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. Unrestricted net assets are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and are used for general operating purposes of the University. This class of net assets also includes certain gifts and endowment earnings whose donorimposed restrictions have been met within the fiscal year. Temporarily restricted net assets are subject to certain time or purpose restrictions by the donor. Upon satisfaction of these restrictions, the net assets are transferred to unrestricted. Temporarily restricted net assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011 consist of endowment balances (\$583.5 million and \$618.6 million, respectively); the net present value of temporarily restricted gifts and unconditional promises to give (\$34.5 million and \$30.0 million, respectively); and split-interest agreements (\$4.6 million and \$3.7 million, respectively). Permanently restricted net assets are those subject to permanent donor-imposed restrictions and at June 30, 2012 and 2011 consist of endowment balances (\$556.3 million and \$519.7 million, respectively); unconditional promises to give (\$25.5 million and \$23.8 million, respectively); and private loan funds (\$11.9 million and \$11.5 million, respectively).

Donor-restricted endowed gifts require that the original corpus of the gifts be maintained in perpetuity. The distributions from earnings generated by these gifts may be either expended or added to principal, in accordance with donor restrictions and gift and spending policies.

Revenue Recognition

Revenue for programs or activities to be conducted in future periods such as student tuition and room and board are classified as deferred revenue. Revenue for these activities is recognized as services are provided. Advanced receipt of exchange transactions such as research grants and contracts are also classified as deferred revenue, with revenue being recognized as funds are expended and research programs are executed.

Tuition discounts are recorded to the extent that either institutional financial aid or aid funded by gifts, endowment earnings, and research activities are awarded. Tuition discounts attributable to institutional funds in 2012 and 2011 were \$135.1 million and \$128.2 million, respectively. Tuition discounts attributable to gifts, endowment earnings, and research activities in 2012 and 2011 were \$22.4 million and \$22.6 million, respectively.

Government Loan Funds

U.S. government-sponsored student loan funds are recorded as liabilities because these funds are refundable to the federal government under certain conditions. Student loan funds donated by private groups, organizations, or individuals are recorded as permanently restricted net assets since such funds operate on a revolving fund basis with principal and interest payments remaining in the fund for future lending.

Cash and Cash Equivalents and Operating Investments

Cash equivalents include investments with original maturities of three months or less and all assets invested in the University's short-term investment fund, which the University utilizes to fund daily cash needs. The fund currently invests in short-term Treasury securities and other short-term, highly-liquid investments, all of which can be liquidated within 7 days. All investments held in the fund must be rated A3/A-1 or better by Moody's Investor Service or A-/P-1 by Standard & Poors at the time of purchase. The fund is expected to generate a return approximating or exceeding the 3-month Treasury bill rate. Cash and cash equivalents that are part of endowment investments are shown therewith as these funds are not used for operating needs.

Operating investments primarily include obligations of the U.S. government and government agencies, bank certificates, commercial paper, corporate notes, and other fixed income obligations. Operating investments are reported at fair value, generally based on quoted market prices, and are used for general operating purposes.

Securities Lending

Through an agreement with its primary investment custodian, the University made available its securities for loan to borrowers identified by the custodian. In exchange for lending a security, the University received a fee and continued earning applicable interest and dividends on the loaned security. Collateral posted by the borrower for the benefit of the University is shown as an asset, and the obligation to return the collateral when the loan is terminated is presented as a liability in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. In September 2011, the University terminated its securities lending agreement and all loans were recalled. As of June 30, 2011, the University held

\$101.9 million of cash and cash equivalents as collateral deposits for securities on loan. The total securities on loan had an estimated fair value of \$99.0 million at June 30, 2011.

Deposits with Bond Trustees

Deposits with bond trustees consist of unspent bond proceeds which will be used for construction of certain facilities. These funds are invested in cash, cash equivalents, and treasury securities and are reported in the Consolidated Balance Sheets at fair value.

Endowment Investments

The University's endowment investments are reported at fair value. The fair value of direct University holdings in publicly traded securities is based upon quoted market prices. The fair value of all other investments, which consist of indirect holdings in both privately and publicly traded assets, is determined using net asset value (NAV) per share or unit of interest. Used as a practical expedient for the estimated fair value, NAV per share or its equivalent is provided by the fund manager and reviewed by the University. Indirect holdings of private assets primarily consist of University interests in funds investing in nonmarketable alternatives, real assets, and/or distressed securities, whereas indirect holdings of publicly traded assets primarily consist of University interests in marketable alternatives or other commingled funds.

Nonmarketable alternatives are private equity or equity-like holdings, such as mezzanine and subordinated debt, in venture, buyout, or recapitalized companies or properties. Real assets are physical assets, or financial assets associated with such physical assets, whose income streams and/or fair values tend to rise with inflation; they include real estate, natural resources, commodities, and other hard assets. Marketable alternatives consist of distressed debt and hedging strategies, including event-driven hedging strategies, such as merger or credit arbitrage, and value-driven hedging strategies, such as long/short, market neutral, and other hedging strategies.

Due to the nature of the investments held by the funds, changes in market conditions, economic environment, regulatory environment, currency exchange rates, interest rates, and commodity price fluctuations may significantly impact the NAV of the funds, and, consequently, the fair

value of the University's interest in the funds and could materially affect the amounts reported in the consolidated financial statements. Although a secondary market exists for these investments, it is not active, and individual transactions are typically not observable. When transactions do occur in this limited secondary market, they may occur at discounts to the reported NAV. It is therefore at least reasonably possible that if the University were to sell these investments in the secondary market, a buyer may require a discount to the reported NAV, and the discount could be significant. The University attempts to manage these risks through diversification, ongoing due diligence of fund managers, maintaining adequate liquidity, and monitoring of economic conditions.

Derivative Financial Instruments

The University records derivatives at fair value with changes in fair value reflected in the Consolidated Statements of Activities (see Note 9).

Contributions

The University records unconditional promises to give (which are agreements with donors involving nonreciprocal transfers of cash, other assets, or services) as either temporarily restricted or permanently restricted dependent upon the nature of the donor-imposed restrictions. Gifts whose restrictions are met in the same fiscal year as receipt are combined and reported with unrestricted gifts.

Unconditional promises to give made to the University are for the support of various schools and programs, including endowments for programs, faculty salaries, scholarships, and the renovation and expansion of physical facilities.

Conditional promises to give cash or other assets are recognized as contribution revenues and receivables when the conditions surrounding the pledge are substantially met.

Bequests are considered to be intentions to give and do not fall within the definition of an unconditional promise to give, and hence, are not recognized in the consolidated financial statements.

Split-Interest Agreements

These agreements with donors consist primarily of charitable gift annuities, pooled income funds, and irrevocable charitable remainder trusts for which the University serves as trustee. Assets are invested and payments are made to donors and/or other beneficiaries in accordance with the respective agreements. Other liabilities include \$9.0 million and \$9.2 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, for split-interest agreements.

Foundation Assets

The University's foundation assets include the Bradford Educational Foundation (BEF). The BEF is a 509(a)(3) Type III supporting organization whose sole purpose is to receive, administer, and distribute property for the benefit of the University of Pittsburgh Bradford campus. The BEF is governed by an independent board of directors, with the majority of members being non-University members. Although the University does not exercise control of the BEF, all assets held by the BEF are held for the financial benefit of the University. As such, the consolidated financial statements include the net assets and annual change in net assets of the BEF.

Property, Plant, and Equipment

Property, plant, and equipment is recorded at cost, or if acquired by gift, at fair value as of the date of the gift. Depreciation is calculated using the straight-line method. Useful lives generally range from 15 to 40 years for buildings and improvements and 5 to 10 years for furnishings and equipment. As assets are retired, sold, or otherwise disposed, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the accounts, and gains or losses are recognized in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. Costs associated with the construction of new facilities and renovation and expansion of existing facilities are capitalized within construction in progress until such projects are placed in service. The University capitalizes software and related implementation costs and generally depreciates such assets over 5 to 10 years. Works of art, historical treasures, and similar assets include a variety of paintings, sculptures, photographs, antiques, and furnishings, as well as scholarly papers and archives. These assets are used for public exhibition, the preservation of artifacts and antiques for future generations, and scholarly research. Due to their nature, these assets are not depreciated. Library books, which include hard copy publications, periodicals, and electronic publications with rights to archival content, are depreciated over a period of 7 years. Maintenance and repairs are expensed as incurred.

Insurance Liabilities

The University is self-insured through an agreement with UPMC to provide medical coverage for its employees. A liability for estimated incurred but unreported claims of \$7.6 million and \$6.8 million has been recorded at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, based upon management's analysis of claims history. This liability is reflected in accrued payroll and related liabilities in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The University is also self-insured for certain other activities, including workers' compensation, unemployment compensation, and litigation claims. Liabilities have been established for these programs generally based on third-party administrators' estimates using the University's historical loss experience. The self-insurance accrual is subject to periodic adjustment by the University based on actual loss experience factors. Liabilities for these other self-insured obligations aggregated \$9.1 million and \$9.3 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are included in accrued payroll and related liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Research

The University conducts sponsored research and development with various sponsors including agencies and departments of the federal government, the commonwealth, local government entities, companies, and foundations. Sponsored research activity in 2012 and 2011 was \$780.4 million and \$801.2 million, respectively, with approximately 63% of the funding awarded through the National Institutes of Health. Research grants and contracts - ARRA represents funding received through the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009. Most University research activity is incurred on a cost reimbursable basis with the University receiving funding after the related expenses have been incurred. Certain sponsors, however, provide research funding in advance of related expenses, and such funding is recorded as advanced receipt of sponsored research funds on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Revenue on research awards is recognized as the related expenses are incurred. The University incurs both direct and indirect costs in the conduct of its research. Recovery of indirect costs through federal awards is based upon predetermined rates negotiated with the Department of Health and Human Services. Indirect cost recovery rates from nonfederal sources may vary. Funds received through federal sources are subject to audit each year in accordance with the Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133.

Estimates

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ materially from those estimates.

Allowances for Doubtful Accounts

The University maintains allowances for doubtful accounts to reflect management's best estimate of probable losses inherent in receivable balances. Management determines the allowances for doubtful accounts based on known troubled accounts, historical experience, and other currently available evidence. Receivables are written off when management determines they will not be collected.

Tax-Exempt Status

The University is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the United States Internal Revenue Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been reflected in the consolidated financial statements.

Note 2: Accounts and Notes Receivable, Net

Accounts and notes receivable, net at June 30 consists of the following:

		2012		2011		
	(in thousands of dollars)					
Sponsored research receivables, net	\$	93,284	\$	91,012		
Plant construction receivables due from commonwealth		16,039		22,696		
Hospitals and affiliated organizations receivables, net		17,429		13,752		
Student receivables, net		10,421		10,628		
Interest income receivables		3,073		3,076		
Other receivables, net		18,218		13,024		
Total accounts and notes receivable, net	\$	158,464	\$	154,188		

NOTE 3: CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVABLE, NET

Contributions receivable, net at June 30 consists of the following:

	2012		2011
Amounts due in:	(in thousar	ids of do	ollars)
Less than one year	\$ 33,797	\$	21,256
One to five years	26,053		32,219
Greater than five years	 1,432		2,595
Gross contributions receivable	61,282		56,070
Less:			
Allowance for uncollectible pledges	(1,636)		(2,140)
Unamortized discounts	 (652)		(1,648)
Total contributions receivable, net	\$ 58,994	\$	52,282

The current yields for one-year to 10-year U.S. Treasury notes are used to discount contributions receivable. Outstanding conditional promises to give to the University total \$0.5 million and \$1.3 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which are dependent upon the fulfillment of certain conditions and, therefore, are not included in the consolidated financial statements.

At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the five largest outstanding pledge balances represented 52% and 54%, respectively, of the University's net contributions receivable.

The University has been named as a beneficiary in the wills of numerous donors totaling \$128.3 million and \$106.1 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These bequests are considered to be intentions to give and, therefore, are not included in the consolidated financial statements.

The University has been named as a beneficiary of the Dietrich Foundation (the Foundation), a public charity created by William S. Dietrich II pursuant to an Amended and Restated Declaration of Trust dated August 23, 2001 (the Trust). The Foundation is a 509(a)(3) Type I supporting organization, organized and operated exclusively for charitable, scientific, and educational purposes. Its

primary mission is to provide ongoing support to a number of educational institutions, largely in the greater Pittsburgh area, including the University. The Trust provides that five of the Foundation's nine trustees shall be educational institution trustees, two of whom shall be appointed by the University. On an annual basis, the Foundation is expected to make distributions to the named charitable beneficiaries, and the University has been designated to receive 25% of the total income distributed.

2012

2011

The University has been advised that the Foundation's assets total approximately \$500.0 million, with the University's portion of such assets being approximately \$125.0 million. However, the Foundation's trustees, by a super-majority vote, have the authority to adjust the allocation of annual distributions among the educational institution beneficiaries; therefore, the University has not recognized its interest in the Foundation. Distributions from the Foundation will be held by the University in one or more separate, permanently restricted funds within the University's endowment, each of which shall be designated appropriately as a Dietrich Foundation endowment fund. Such distributions will be recorded as gift revenue when received.

NOTE 4: ENDOWMENT AND OPERATING INVESTMENTS

Investments at June 30 consist of the following:

	2012	2011		
	(in thousand	ds of dollars)		
Endowment investments:				
Pooled	\$ 2,609,706	\$ 2,518,579		
Nonpooled	25,781	26,513		
Subtotal endowment investments	2,635,487	2,545,092		
Operating investments (Note 1)	627,386	621,599		
Total endowment and operating investments	\$ 3,262,873	\$ 3,166,691		
Composition of endowment investments:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 73,066	\$ 34,059		
Domestic equities	325,719	331,998		
International equities	467,779	474,501		
U.S. government and government agencies' securities, bank acceptances and certificates,				
and commercial paper	161,875	163,061		
Corporate bonds and other obligations	136,592	125,293		
Alternative investment funds and partnerships:	130,372	123,273		
Marketable alternatives	458,333	457,927		
Private equities/venture capital	574,187	552,904		
Real assets	437,936	405,349		
Total endowment investments	\$ 2,635,487	\$ 2,545,092		
Composition of operating investments:				
U.S. government and government agencies' securities, bank				
acceptances and certificates, and commercial paper	\$ 395,246	\$ 419,237		
Corporate bonds and other obligations	218,950	188,524		
Other	13,190	13,838		
Total operating investments	\$ 627,386	\$ 621,599		

Unless precluded by size or donor restrictions, individual endowment fund assets are pooled and collectively managed on a unitized basis. Each endowment fund subscribes to or disposes of units in the pool, using fair value per unit at the beginning of the month such subscription or disposition occurs to account for the transaction.

The philosophies and policies employed in the management of the endowment are long-term by definition, as they are based on the expectation that the University will have an infinite life and will continue to provide financial support in perpetuity. Accordingly, the University's

investment policy is intended to optimize long-term total return—income plus capital appreciation—relative to the level of risk taken.

The University's investment policy contemplates the effects of its spending policy. The endowment spending policy balances the need for reliable and predictable earnings distributions to support current University activities with the desire to maintain the purchasing power of endowment assets so that they can continue providing financial support for future generations (see Note 11).

The following table summarizes the University's investments at June 30, 2012 and 2011 for which NAV was used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value.

		Fair	Value					
		Dete	rmined	U	Infunded	U	nfunded	
	using NAV				Commitments		Commitments	
Asset Class/Investment Description		2012	2	011	at Ju	ne 30, 2012	at Ju	ne 30, 2011
	(in thouse				ands oj	^r dollars)		
Emerging markets equities								
Commingled emerging markets fund	\$	83,357	\$	93,871	\$	-	\$	
Marketable alternatives								
Distressed debt - redeemable		20,911		41,343		-		-
Distressed debt - nonredeemable		66,269		81,975		3,320		-
Multi-strategy/arbitrage		169,008	1	33,156		-		-
Long/short equity		202,145	2	01,453		-		-
Total marketable alternatives		458,333	4	57,927		3,320		-
Nonmarketable alternatives								
Private equity funds		333,953	3	22,238		186,162		177,958
Venture capital funds		240,234	2	30,666		80,877		97,625
Total nonmarketable alternatives		574,187	5	52,904		267,039		275,583
Real assets								
Real assets - redeemable		36,576		49,506		_		_
Private real estate funds		185,622	1	55,357		85,504		73,402
Private energy funds		163,607	1	49,048		42,671		61,314
Private timber funds		52,131		51,438		3,632		3,978
Total real assets	-	437,936	4	05,349		131,807		138,694
Total	\$	1,553,813	\$ 1,5	10,051	\$	402,166	\$	414,277

Descriptions follow for each of the investments set forth in the table above:

Commingled Emerging Markets Fund

The University's investment is in a commingled fund that holds publicly traded emerging market equities. The investment may be liquidated without penalty within 120 days of providing a month-end notice.

Distressed Debt - Redeemable

The University's investments are in two commingled funds. Both funds are hedge funds that hold both long and short positions in mostly publicly traded, and some privately traded, distressed debt securities (i.e., the securities trade at significant discounts to their par value). The University's interest in one of the funds is redeem-

able without penalty on a quarterly basis with 90-day notice. The University's interest in the other fund may be redeemed without penalty in annual 25% increments over the next three years.

Distressed Debt - Nonredeemable

The University's investments are interests in a total of nine commingled funds managed by three investment managers. All of the funds hold distressed securities traded publicly and/or privately, and all have investment periods of three years or longer, during which committed capital may be called. The University's interests in the funds are reduced typically over multi-year periods as the managers return invested capital and distribute proceeds realized from underlying fund assets.

Multi-Strategy/Arbitrage

The University's investments are interests in six commingled funds. These funds are hedge funds that hold both long and short positions in equities, fixed income, and financial derivatives. The University's interests in four of the funds may be liquidated without penalty as follows:
(a) two on an annual basis with 45-day notice; (b) one on a quarterly basis with 30-day notice; and (c) one on an annual basis with 30-day notice beginning September 30, 2012. The University's interest in the fifth fund may be liquidated in quarterly increments of 25% with a 65-day notice. The University's interest in the sixth fund may be liquidated semi-annually beginning December 31, 2014. The notice period for the fund is 60 days.

Long/Short Equity

The University's investments are interests in eight commingled funds. These funds are hedge funds that hold both long and short positions in publicly traded global equities. The University's interests in all but two of the funds may be liquidated without penalty on a quarterly or monthly basis with 30-45 day notice. Another fund can be liquidated quarterly with 180-day notice. The University's interest in the other fund is redeemable without penalty with 60-day notice every three years for 80% of the assets, on an annual basis for 10% of the assets, and on a quarterly basis for the remaining 10% of the assets.

Private Equity Funds

The University's investments are interests in 65 commingled funds. These funds are private equity funds that are invested in equity and equity-like securities of mostly nonpublicly traded companies over periods of typically three to five years, during which committed capital may be called. The University's interests in private equity funds are considered to be relatively illiquid in that they are not easily transferable and typically achieve liquidity over multi-year periods when and if the fund managers return invested capital or distribute proceeds realized from underlying fund assets.

Venture Capital Funds

The University's investments are interests in 48 commingled funds. These funds are venture capital funds, a specialized type of private equity, and are invested in equity and equity-like securities of mostly nonpublicly traded, immature companies over periods of typically three to five years, during which committed capital may be called. The University's interests in venture capital funds are considered to be illiquid in that they are in riskier assets, they are not easily transferable, and they typically can only achieve liquidity over multi-year periods when and if the fund managers return invested capital or distribute proceeds from the underlying fund assets.

Real Assets - Redeemable

The University's investments are interests in two commingled funds. These funds hold publicly traded physical assets, as well as financial assets associated with such physical assets, including real estate, natural resources, commodities, and the global equities of hard asset companies. The University's interest in one of the funds is currently being liquidated; its interest in the other fund is fully redeemable without penalty on a monthly basis with 10-day notice.

Private Real Estate Funds

The University's investments are interests in 31 commingled funds. These funds are private real estate funds that are primarily invested in privately traded real estate-related properties and interests, including interests in companies engaged in real estate operations. These funds are invested over periods of typically three to five years, during which committed capital may be called. The University's interests in private real estate funds are considered to be relatively illiquid in that they are not easily transferable and typically achieve liquidity over multi-year periods when and if the fund managers return invested capital or distribute proceeds realized from underlying fund assets.

Private Energy Funds

The University's investments are interests in 26 commingled funds. These funds are private energy funds that are primarily invested in privately traded energy-related properties and interests, including interests in oil and gas and other fossil fuel reserves, production, storage, and transportation facilities, power generating plants, and companies engaged in energy-related activities. These funds are invested over periods of typically three to five years, during which committed capital may be called. The University's interests in private energy funds are considered to be relatively illiquid in that they are not easily transferable and typically achieve liquidity over multi-year periods when and if the fund managers return invested capital or distribute proceeds realized from underlying fund assets.

Private Timber Funds

The University's investments are interests in four commingled funds. These funds are private timber funds that are primarily invested in privately traded timber properties and interests, including interests in companies that acquire, manage, and sell timberland. These funds are invested over periods of typically three to five years, during which committed capital may be called. The University's interests in private timber funds are considered to be relatively illiquid in that they are not easily transferable and typically achieve liquidity over extended, multi-year periods as the fund managers return invested capital or distribute proceeds realized from underlying fund assets.

Note 5: Fair Value Measurements

Accounting Standards Codification (ASC) 820, Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures, establishes a single authoritative definition of fair value, sets a framework for measuring fair value, and requires additional disclosures about fair value measurements. In accordance with ASC 820, fair value is defined as the price that the University would receive upon selling an asset or the price paid to transfer a liability (exit price) in an orderly transaction between market participants in the principal or, in the absence of a principal market, most advantageous market at the measurement date.

The principal market is the market in which the reporting entity would sell the asset or transfer the liability with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability. The most advantageous market is the market in which the reporting entity would maximize the amount received for an asset or minimize the amount paid to transfer a liability.

ASC 820 establishes a three-tier hierarchy, based on inputs to fair value measurements for disclosure purposes. Inputs may be observable or unobservable and refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability, including assumptions about risk.

The three-tier hierarchy of inputs is summarized in the three broad levels below:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets that the University has the ability to access at the measurement date. This level of the fair value hierarchy provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and is used to measure fair value whenever available. Instruments valued by Level 1 measures primarily consist of directly held securities that are actively traded in public markets.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These inputs include quoted prices for similar investments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active; inputs other than quoted prices that are observable; and inputs that are derived from observable market data by correlation or other means. Instruments valued by Level 2 measures include University holdings in certain structured debt obligations, University inter-

- ests in certain commingled investment funds, interest rate swap agreements, certain fund investments for which NAV is used as a practical expedient, and other thinly-traded instruments.
- Level 3 Inputs that are unobservable for the asset or liability that are used to measure fair value when observable inputs are not available. These are inputs that are developed based on the best information available in the circumstances, which might include the University's own data. Instruments valued by Level 3 measures primarily include University interests in certain fund investments for which NAV per share or its equivalent is used as a practical expedient.

University fund investments for which NAV is used as a practical expedient to estimate fair value are classified as either Level 2 or 3 assets in the fair value hierarchy, depending on the fair value tier in which the underlying fund assets would fall and the University's ability to redeem its interest in the fund. If the underlying fund assets are publicly traded securities for which there exists a broad, active market, and the University's interest can be redeemed without penalty within the near term (generally within 90 days of June 30), the University's interest in the fund is classified as a Level 2 investment. If the underlying fund assets are privately traded and/or the University's interest cannot be redeemed without penalty, the University's interest in the fund is classified as a Level 3 investment.

When observable prices are not available, the investments are valued using one or more of the following valuation techniques: market approach - this approach uses prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions involving identical or comparable assets or liabilities; income approach - this approach determines a valuation by discounting future cash flows; or cost approach - this approach is based on the principle of substitution and the concept that a market participant would not pay more than the amount that would currently be required to replace the asset. These valuation techniques may include inputs such as price information, volatility statistics, operating statistics, specific and broad credit data, recent transactions, earnings forecasts, discount rates, reserve reports, futures pricing, and other factors. The classification of investments in the fair value hierarchy is not necessarily an indication of the risks, liquidity, or degree of difficulty in determining fair value.

The following table summarizes the inputs used at June 30, 2012 in valuing the University assets and liabilities carried at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 19,109	\$ 28,642	\$ -	\$ 47,751
Endowment investments:				
Cash and cash equivalents	30,517	42,549	-	73,066
Domestic equities	315,262	10,457	-	325,719
International equities	376,751	83,664	7,364	467,779
U.S. government, corporate bonds,				
and other obligations	224,484	71,180	2,803	298,467
Marketable alternatives	-	184,338	273,995	458,333
Private equities/venture capital	-	-	574,187	574,187
Real assets	-	35,846	402,090	437,936
Operating investments:				
U.S. government, corporate bonds,				
and other obligations	511,596	102,600	-	614,196
Other	1,190	-	12,000	13,190
Deposits with bond trustees	4,942	3,572	-	8,514
Endowed funds held by third parties	-	-	18,074	18,074
Total assets	\$ 1,483,851	\$ 562,848	\$ 1,290,513	\$ 3,337,212
Liabilities				
Interest rate swaps	\$ -	\$ 109,127	\$ -	\$ 109,127

The following table summarizes the inputs used at June 30, 2011 in valuing the University assets and liabilities carried at fair value:

	Level 1		Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets		(1	in thousands	of dollars)	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 76,276	\$	10,785	\$ -	\$ 87,061
Endowment investments:					
Cash and cash equivalents	26,611		7,448	-	34,059
Domestic equities	311,636		20,362	-	331,998
International equities	368,010		94,407	12,084	474,501
U.S. government, corporate bonds,					
and other obligations	230,624		54,632	3,098	288,354
Marketable alternatives	-		153,577	304,350	457,927
Private equities/venture capital	-		-	552,904	552,904
Real assets	-		48,289	357,060	405,349
Operating investments:					
U.S. government, corporate bonds,					
and other obligations	541,753		66,008	-	607,761
Other	1,082		-	12,756	13,838
Deposits with bond trustees	43,782		5,362	-	49,144
Endowed funds held by third parties	-		-	19,264	19,264
Total assets	\$ 1,599,774	\$	460,870	\$ 1,261,516	\$ 3,322,160
Liabilities					
Interest rate swaps	\$ -	\$	47,498	\$ -	\$ 47,498

The following tables summarize the change in the Level 3 activity for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

		2012									
		(in thousands of dollars)									
		U.S. Government									
	Inte	ernational	Co	rporate	M	arketable		Real	Private		
	E	quities	ano	and Other A		Alternatives		Assets	Equities	Other	Total
Balance - June 30, 2011	\$	12,084	\$	3,098	\$	304,350	\$	357,060	\$ 552,904	\$ 32,020	\$1,261,516
Capital calls/purchases		1,855		-		60,000		58,923	70,564	953	192,295
Distributions/sales		(4,558)		(295)		(35,757)		(62,701)	(91,635)	(2,146)	(197,092)
Transfers out		-		-		(52,306)		-	-	-	(52,306)
Realized losses		(184)		-		-		-	-	-	(184)
Unrealized (losses) gair	ıs	(1,833)		-		(2,292)		48,808	42,354	(753)	86,284
Balance - June 30, 2012	\$	7,364	\$	2,803	\$	273,995	\$	402,090	\$ 574,187	\$ 30,074	\$1,290,513

		2011									
		(in thousands of dollars)									
		U.S. Government									
	Inte	international Corporate Marketable Real Privat						Private			
	E	quities	aı	and Other		Alternatives		Assets	Equities	Other	Total
Balance - June 30, 2010	\$	10,098	\$	10,795	\$	210,026	\$	292,637	\$ 407,779	\$ 63,950	\$ 995,285
Capital calls/purchases		4,474		1,951		82,000		74,330	87,300	726	250,781
Distributions/sales		(5,188)		(10,117)		(19,590)		(55,797)	(78,463)	(45,815)	(214,970)
Realized gains		588		739		-		-	-	9,590	10,917
Unrealized gains (losses	s)	2,112		(270)		31,914		45,890	136,288	3,569	219,503
Balance - June 30, 2011	\$	12,084	\$	3,098	\$	304,350	\$	357,060	\$ 552,904	\$ 32,020	\$1,261,516

Gains and losses (realized and unrealized) for Level 3 activity are reported in other activities in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. The unrealized gains related to investments held at June 30, 2012 and 2011 were \$89.4 million and \$217.9 million, respectively.

For the year ended June 30, 2012, \$52.3 million of level 3 assets were transferred to level 2 as a result of the expiration of lock-up periods for five marketable alternatives; as such, these investments may be redeemed within 90 days of June 30. There were no transfers between fair value levels in 2011.

NOTE 6: PROPERTY, PLANT, AND EQUIPMENT, NET

Property, plant, and equipment, net at June 30 is summarized below:

	2012	2011	
	(in thousands of dollars)		
Land	\$ 51,255	\$ 51,255	
Buildings and improvements	2,517,555	2,366,353	
Equipment	647,034	622,991	
Library books	237,145	227,176	
Works of art, historical treasures, and similar assets	14,836	14,770	
Construction in progress	160,695	180,354	
Subtotal	3,628,520	3,462,899	
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(1,912,789)	(1,788,142)	
Total property, plant, and equipment, net	\$ 1,715,731	\$ 1,674,757	

In 2012, the University expended \$189.1 million for property, plant, and equipment, of which \$38.0 million was funded by the commonwealth. Significant additions included \$25.3 million for operating equipment; \$15.1 million for the construction of a new freshmen dorm; \$14.8 million for renovations of Benedum Hall; \$11.6 million for the Mid-Campus Complex renovations; \$10.9 million for renovations to the Chevron Science Center; \$10.4 million for the addition to Parran and Crabtree Halls: \$10.2 million for renovations to the 12th floor of the Biomedical Science Tower; \$10.0 million for library acquisitions; \$7.1 million for the Salk Hall Addition; \$5.2 million for renovations to Thackeray Hall; \$5.0 million for the construction of the Greensburg Sustainable Office and Classroom Building; \$4.7 million for the Langley Hall 5th Floor BSL 3 Suite; \$3.4 million for the Titusville Dining Services renovations; \$2.9 million for Neurosurgery renovations in Scaife Hall; \$2.9 million for the expansion of Bouquet Gardens; and \$2.8 million for renovations to Old Engineering Hall.

In 2011, the University expended \$229.2 million for property, plant, and equipment, of which \$33.9 million was funded by the commonwealth. Significant additions included \$32.3 million for operating equipment; \$17.8

million for renovations to the Chevron Science Center; \$16.1 million for renovations to Benedum Hall; \$14.2 million for renovations to the Biomedical Science Tower; \$13.7 million for the Petersen Sports Complex; \$12.8 million for the expansion of Bouquet Gardens; \$10.2 million for library acquisitions; \$6.1 million for the addition to Parran and Crabtree Halls; \$5.3 million for the Johnstown Campus Wellness Center; \$5.2 million for renovations to the O'Hara Student Center (formerly Concordia Club); \$5.0 million for the Salk Hall addition; \$3.4 million for the Mid-Campus Complex renovations; \$3.2 million for the renovation of Fisher Hall at the Bradford Campus; \$3.0 million for a new research lab in Eberly Hall; and \$2.2 million for the Posvar Hall generator.

The amount capitalized in property, plant, and equipment related to expenditures funded by the commonwealth on behalf of the University totaled \$526.7 million and \$501.7 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. Formal title to this property passes to the University upon completion of each project. The net book value of these items was \$239.8 million and \$231.6 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

Note 7: Conditional Asset Remediation Obligation

The University has recognized liabilities for conditional asset retirement obligations. The University performed an analysis of such obligations and determined that asbestos remediation costs represented the primary source of such liabilities. The University reviewed facilities on all campuses and estimated the timing, method, and cost of remediation. The analysis included an estimated inflation factor and discount rate, which were used to determine the present value of the obligation.

The following table details the change in the liabilities for the year ended June 30:

	2012		2011
	(in thousand	ds of a	dollars)
Balance - beginning of year	\$ 40,859	\$	40,303
Accretion	576		1,659
Liabilities settled	(489)		(1,103)
Balance - end of year	\$ 40,946	\$	40,859

NOTE 8: BONDS AND NOTES PAYABLE

	Range of Years		Outstanding Principal			
	Remaining	2012 Effective	(in thousan	ds of a	dollars)	
	to Maturity	Interest Rates	2012		2011	
Variable-rate bonds:						
Series 2007-B Bonds	28-29	0.10%-0.26%	\$ 44,621	\$	44,621	
Series 2005-B Bonds	19-26	0.11%-0.29%	45,000		45,000	
Series 2005-C Bonds	20-23	0.11%-0.28%	30,000		30,000	
Total variable-rate bonds			119,621		119,621	
Term-rate bonds:						
Series 2005-A Bonds	25-27	5.00%	40,000		40,000	
Series 2002-B Bonds	19-24	5.00%	15,000		15,000	
Total term-rate bonds			55,000		55,000	
Fixed-rate bonds and notes payable:						
Series 2009-A/B Bonds	0-19	2.32%-5.10%	398,140		410,640	
Series 2007-B Bonds	11-16	4.28%-4.69%	60,000		60,000	
Series 2005-A Bonds	16-18	4.69%-4.83%	35,000		35,000	
Series 2002-A Bonds	0-11	2.10%-4.31%	35,000		40,000	
Series 2002-B Bonds	14-15	4.53%-4.74%	14,500		14,500	
Series 2000-A/B/C Bonds	1-23	4.00%-5.07%	154,800		154,800	
Series 2012 PANTHER Notes, due July 2, 20	013	0.21%	120,000		-	
Series 2011 PANTHER Notes, due June 18,	2012	0.32%	-		114,000	
Noninterest-bearing promissory note			171		171	
Total fixed-rate bonds and notes payable			817,611		829,111	
Unamortized net premium			24,902		28,866	
Total bonds and notes payable			\$ 1,017,134	\$	1,032,598	

Interest costs incurred in 2012 and 2011 were \$46.6 million and \$45.9 million, respectively. Included in these amounts is capitalized interest associated with various construction projects. Capitalized interest for 2012 and 2011 was \$1.3 million and \$3.6 million, respectively.

Liquidity support for the \$119.6 million of outstanding variable-rate demand bonds (VRDBs) in commercial paper (CP) mode is provided by the University. In the event the University receives notice of an optional tender on its VRDBs in CP mode, the purchase price of the bonds will be paid from the remarketing of such bonds. However, if the remarketing proceeds are insufficient, the University will have a current obligation to purchase the tendered bonds. To provide a secondary source of liquidity for this type of event, the University entered into

a \$100.0 million unsecured standby liquidity agreement with a financial institution that matures in September 2013. Since the October 2009 effective date of the liquidity agreement, no draws have occurred.

In June 2012, the University issued its Pitt Asset Notes - Tax Exempt Higher Education Series 2012 (PANTHERS of 2012) in the amount of \$120.0 million. Of this amount, \$90.0 million was used to partially refund the \$114.0 million of PANTHERS of 2011 that matured on June 18, 2012, and \$30.0 million was used for equipment expenditures. The PANTHERS of 2012 mature on July 2, 2013.

The PANTHERS of 2011 were issued in May 2011 in the amount of \$114.0 million.

The fair value (as determined primarily by quoted market prices) of total bonds and notes payable was \$1,126.8 million and \$1,114.4 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The principal payments of bonds and notes payable for the next five years ending June 30 in millions of dollars are:

2013	\$ 30.0
2014	\$ 150.4
2015	\$ 35.0
2016	\$ 30.5
2017	\$ 27.4

The foregoing does not include \$119.6 million of VRDBs in CP mode, all of which have final maturity dates between 2031 and 2041. These bonds bear short-term rates that are fixed over staggered periods of approximately 90 days each and are remarketed at the expiry of each rate period.

The University had three general unsecured credit facilities, aggregating \$75.0 million, at June 30, 2012. No draws were made under the facilities during 2012 or 2011. Although each of the three credit facilities carry an expiry date of October 29, 2012, it is management's intention to extend each facility for another 364-day term.

Note 9: Derivative and Other Financial Instruments

The University does not issue or trade derivative financial instruments except as described herein. University financial assets are invested on its behalf with various investment managers, some of whom are authorized to employ derivative instruments, including swaps, futures, forwards, and options. These derivatives are generally used for managing interest rate or foreign currency risk or to attain or hedge a specific financial market position. Additionally, the University has entered into various interest rate swap agreements to hedge its interest rate risk associated with certain debt obligations.

Derivative instruments are carried at fair value and included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Gains and losses from derivative instruments are reported in other activities in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. The University may be exposed to financial loss should a derivative counterparty fail to perform pursuant to the instrument. In the case of exchange-traded derivatives, the counterparty is the exchange itself. In the case of over-the-counter derivatives, the counterparty is typically a financial institution. Counterparty risks are mitigated by using creditworthy counterparties, settling positions periodically, and requiring collateral to be posted at predetermined levels of exposure.

Not including University derivative instruments held by various alternative investment funds, University financial assets invested in derivative instruments had a fair value of \$19.9 million and \$83.9 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, which are included in endowment investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

The University liabilities arising from variable-to-fixed interest rate swap agreements associated with certain University debt obligations had an aggregated fair value

of \$109.1 million and \$47.5 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are included in other liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The fair value represents the estimated amount the University would be required to pay to terminate these agreements as of the respective fiscal year-end. The University recorded in the Consolidated Statements of Activities an unrealized loss of \$61.6 million and an unrealized gain of \$13.4 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, due to changes in fair value of the swaps.

The aggregate notional amount of the swap agreements associated with University debt was \$425.7 million and \$430.7 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These swaps were entered into for the sole purpose of hedging the interest payable on the University's Series 2000, 2002, 2005, and 2007 VRDBs. As such, the notional amounts and maturity dates of the swap agreements precisely matched the VRDBs they were intended to hedge at the time the agreements were executed. As the VRDBs were subsequently modified or refinanced, the University terminated or amended various swap agreements to achieve closer alignment with the current debt obligations. The variable interest rates received by the University under the swap agreements are either 67% or 70% of one- or three-month LIBOR, while the fixed rates paid by the University range from 3.25% to 5.14%. Net swap payments made or received by the University are reported in interest expense in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. No collateral was called or posted during 2012 or 2011 with respect to these swap agreements. Furthermore, the University does not anticipate posting collateral pursuant to these swap agreements since the collateral thresholds applicable to the University are infinite at the University's current credit ratings.

Note 10: Pension and Postretirement Obligations

Pension

The University provides retirement benefits under contributory or noncontributory plans to substantially all employees. The University's contributory plan provides for participation in the Teachers Insurance and Annuity Association (TIAA) and College Retirement Equities Fund (CREF) and in investment funds of the Vanguard Group. The plan is fully funded and requires three years of service for vesting of the University contribution. Employees hired before January 1, 1995 were immediately vested. University contributions to this plan in 2012 and 2011 were \$70.6 million and \$68.9 million, respectively.

The noncontributory plan is a defined benefit pension plan that covers employees who do not participate in the contributory plan. The plan provides for vesting after five years with pension benefits accruing at 2.1% of base salary or the Social Security wage base, whichever is lower. Pension benefits are payable upon normal retirement at age 65 or early retirement at age 55, in accordance with the conditions and pension eligibility criteria described in the plan. University contributions to this plan in 2012 and 2011 were \$2.7 million and \$3.0 million, respectively.

Postretirement

The University also provides postretirement medical and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses upon retirement through a contributory benefit plan.

Though funding is not required, the University has elected to fund the medical and life insurance portions of its postretirement liability via a quasi-endowment fund, which is managed together with all of the University's pooled endowment investments (see Notes 4 and 11). The fair value of these investments at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$244.9 million and \$232.3 million, respectively, and is included in endowment investments in the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Under the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, the federal government provides a subsidy to employers equal to 28% of the employer's qualifying prescription drug costs for retirees if the plan offered by the employer is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D. The University is qualified for and receives the subsidy via a reduction in premiums charged by its provider.

In 2010, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act and the Health Care and Education Reconciliation Act (collectively, the Health Care Acts) were signed into law. The Health Care Acts include several provisions that affect the University's postretirement benefit plans. The University has evaluated the effects of the Health Care Acts and estimated the effect of the provisions to be approximately \$3.5 million and \$2.5 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively. These amounts are included in the measurement of the postretirement benefit obligation.

The University uses a measurement date of June 30 for plan assets and the benefit obligations. Information related to the benefit obligation, assets, and funded status of the defined benefit pension plan and the postretirement benefit plan as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 is summarized in the table below:

	Defined Benefit Plan				Postretirement Plan			
	2012 2011				2012		2011	
	(in thousand			ls of	dollars)			
Net periodic benefit cost:								
Service cost	\$	3,570	\$	3,085	\$	10,746	\$	12,077
Interest cost		3,562		3,156		17,471		16,433
Expected return on plan assets		(4,180)		(3,251)		-		-
Actuarial loss		-		246		516		1,204
Amortization of transition obligation		-		-		3,031		3,031
Amortization of prior service credit		(224)		(224)		(3,965)		(3,965)
Net periodic benefit cost	\$	2,728	\$	3,012	\$	27,799	\$	28,780
Frank Late (con								
Funded status:	¢	50.060	ď	52 152	¢	200 120	¢.	201 (51
Benefit obligation at beginning of year	\$	59,969	\$	53,153	Э	298,130	Þ	291,651
Service cost		3,570		3,085		10,746		12,077
Interest cost		3,562		3,156		17,471		16,433
Actuarial loss (gain)		20,981		1,150		61,283		(11,224)
Special termination benefit		(((00)		(575)		24,123		(10.907)
Benefits paid	Ф.	(600)	\$	(575)	φ.	(12,837)	•	$\frac{(10,807)}{209,120}$
Benefit obligation at end of year	\$	87,482	\$	59,969	2	398,916	\$	298,130
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year	\$	52,854	\$	41,191	\$	-	\$	_
Actual return on plan assets		(541)		9,226		-		-
Actual plan contributions		2,728		3,012		-		-
Benefits paid		(600)		(575)		-		-
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$	54,441	\$	52,854	\$	-	\$	-
Funded status - liability recognized in Consolidated Balance Sheets:								
Pension and postretirement obligations	\$	(33,041)	\$	(7,115)	\$ ((398,916)	\$(298,130)
Accumulated benefit obligation	\$	83,404	\$	57,461				

Estimated 2013 employer contribution to the defined benefit plan:

(in thousands of dollars)

\$ 7,217

	Defined Benefit Plan		Postretirement Plan		
_	2012	2011	2012	2011	
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine the benefit obligation (liability) at June 30:					
Discount rate	4.5%	6.0%	4.5%	6.0%	
Expected long-term return on plan assets	8.0%	8.0%	-	-	
Rate of compensation increase: 2012 and thereafter	3.0%	3.0%	-	-	
Assumed healthcare trend cost: Initial trend - pre-age 65 retirees Initial trend - post-age 65 retirees Ultimate trend Year to reach ultimate	- - - -	- - - -	8.0% 7.0% 4.5% 2020	9.0% 10.0% 5.0% 2017	
Weighted-average assumptions used to determine the net periodic cost (expense) for the years ended June 30:					
Discount rate	6.0%	6.0%	6.0%	5.75%	
Rate of compensation increase	3.0%	3.0%	-	-	
Expected long-term return on plan assets	8.0%	8.0%	-	-	
Assumed health care trend cost: Initial trend - pre-age 65 retirees Initial trend - post-age 65 retirees Ultimate trend Year to reach ultimate	- - -	- - - -	9.0% 10.0% 5.0% 2017	9.0% 15.0% 5.0% 2015	
Estimated future benefit payments:		Defined Benefit Plan (in thousa	Postretire Plan nds of dollars	1	
2013 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018-2022		\$ 1,299 \$ 1,437 \$ 1,615 \$ 1,838 \$ 2,044 \$ 14,948	\$ 16,0 \$ 17,0 \$ 18,0 \$ 19,0 \$ 20,0 \$ 114,0	070 760 673 449	

A one percentage point change in assumed healthcare cost trend rates would have the following effects on the postretirement plan:

	Increase			Decrease		
			(in millions	of dol	lars)	
	F	Revised	Percent	Revised		Percent
	A	Amount	Change	Α	mount	Change
Service and interest cost						
(medical component only)	\$	28.4	10.6%	\$	22.6	12.1%
Total periodic benefit cost	\$	32.1	15.5%	\$	23.1	17.1%
Benefit obligation for healthcare						
benefits	\$	394.3	9.4%	\$	325.1	9.8%
Total benefit obligation	\$	432.8	8.5%	\$	363.8	8.8%

Pension Assets

Assets related to the University's defined benefit pension plan are segregated in a trust managed by a third-party investment manager. The fair value of these assets at June 30, 2012 and 2011 was \$54.4 million and \$52.9 million, respectively. The fund is invested through common collective trust funds in domestic and international equities and fixed income securities using the S&P 500 Index as a benchmark for domestic equities, the MSCI EAFE Index for international equities, and the Barclays Intermediate Government/Credit Bond Index for the fixed income securities. The specific investment objective is to meet or exceed the investment policy benchmark over the long term. Plan investments are determined using NAV per share as a practical expedient for estimated fair value and are classified in the fair value hierarchy as Level 2, as the University can redeem its interest without penalty, generally within 90 days of June 30.

The long-term investment strategy for pension plan assets is to meet present and future benefit obligations to all participants and beneficiaries; cover reasonable expenses incurred to provide such benefits, including expenses incurred in the administration of the trust and the plan; provide sufficient liquidity to meet benefit and expense payment requirements on a timely basis; and provide a total return that, over the long term, maximizes the ratio of trust assets to liabilities by maximizing investment return, at an appropriate level of risk. The expected return on plan assets is based on a weighted average of the

individual expected return for each asset category in the plan's portfolio. Expected return comprises inflation plus the real rate of return for each asset class.

Over the long term, asset allocation is believed to be the single greatest determinant of risk and return. Asset allocation will deviate from the target percentages due to market movement, cash flows, and investment manager performance. Material deviations from the asset allocation target can alter the expected return and risk of the trust. However, frequent rebalancing to the asset allocation targets may result in significant transaction costs, which can impair the trust's ability to meet its investment objective. Accordingly, the trust portfolio is periodically rebalanced to maintain asset allocations that approximate the targets shown below.

	Target
	Asset
	Allocation
Domestic equity	35%
International equity	35%
Fixed income	30%

The actual asset allocation as of June 30, 2012 and 2011 was 67% and 70%, respectively, for combined equities and 33% and 30%, respectively, for fixed income securities.

The fair value of the University's pension plan assets at June 30, by asset category, was as follows:

		2012		2011
		(in thousands of dollars)		
	Ī	Level 2	$\underline{\mathbf{L}}$	evel 2
Asset class				
Equity securities:				
Stock index	\$	17,268	\$	16,616
Small cap		1,833		1,871
International		17,272		18,501
Debt securities		15,336		12,559
Cash and cash equivalents		2,732		3,307
Total	\$	54,441	\$	52,854

In 2012, the University adopted a Voluntary Early Retirement Plan (VERP) for qualified staff who had completed at least 10 years of service and attained age 59 by April 1, 2012. By the June 15, 2012 deadline, 352 staff accepted the VERP option. The VERP included a separation payment equal to six-month's pay, along with certain medical and other benefits for the staff, spouse, and dependent children. The separation payment, along

with accumulated vacation and sick-day payments, aggregated \$11.1 million and was recognized in the fiscal 2012 Consolidated Statement of Activities and included in accrued payroll and related liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheet. The June 30, 2012 postretirement benefit obligation includes \$24.1 million related to the accelerated vesting for the VERP.

NOTE 11: ENDOWMENT NET ASSETS

GAAP provides for enhanced disclosures related to an organization's endowment funds regardless of whether the organization is located in a state that is subject to the Uniform Prudent Management of Institutional Funds Act of 2006 (UPMIFA). The enhanced disclosures relate to net asset classification and changes in endowment net assets and have been incorporated in the tables below.

The commonwealth has not adopted UPMIFA and, instead, enacted in December 1998 Pennsylvania Act 141 (codified as Title 15 of the Pennsylvania Consolidated Statutes §5548(c) and referred to herein as "Title 15") to govern the investment of restricted funds held in trust by Pennsylvania nonprofit corporations. Title 15 permits Pennsylvania nonprofit corporations to elect a total return approach for determining income distributions from restricted funds held in trust, whereby income is defined as a stipulated percentage of the value of the assets held; the stipulated percent must be determined at least annually and may be no less than 2% nor more than 7%, and the value of the assets held must be averaged over a period of three or more preceding years. A resolution to elect a total return approach for determining endowment income distributions for the University's consolidated investment pool was passed by the University's Board of Trustees on October 21, 1999. The University's endowment income distribution is determined annually

using a stipulated percentage of 4.25% of the endowment's three-year average fair value, provided that such distribution is not less than the amount distributed in the previous year. Nevertheless, instead of distributing the same amount in 2011 as was distributed for 2010, the Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees voted on June 10, 2010 to reduce the distribution amount for 2011 by approximately 5% due to the significant declines in endowment market value during the preceding three-year period. The endowment income distribution amounts for 2012 and 2011 were approximately 4.7% and 4.4%, respectively, of the endowment's three-year average fair value.

Employing the total return approach, the University records the original value of an endowed gift as a permanently restricted asset, along with any endowment income distributions that are returned to principal. Nonendowed funds that lack third party donor restrictions but function as endowments (quasi-endowments) are classified as unrestricted net assets. Gains and losses attributable to donor-restricted endowed funds are recorded as temporarily restricted net assets, whereas gains and losses attributable to quasi-endowment funds are recorded as unrestricted net assets. Temporarily restricted net assets also include nonendowed gifts that are subject to third party donor restrictions with respect to purpose or time.

The University's endowment net assets at June 30 were as follows:

Donor-restricted endowment funds Ouasi-endowment funds

Total endowment net assets

Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
	(in thousands	of dollars)	
\$ -	\$ 583,459	\$ 556,271	\$ 1,139,730
1,480,978	-	-	1,480,978
\$ 1,480,978	\$ 583,459	\$ 556,271	\$ 2,620,708

2011

2012

ed	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
	(in thousands	of dollars)	
-	\$ 618,607	\$ 519,695	\$ 1,138,302
18	-	-	1,369,918
18	\$ 618,607	\$ 519,695	\$ 2,508,220
	- 18	(in thousands - \$ 618,607 18 -	(in thousands of dollars) - \$ 618,607 \$ 519,695

Donor-restricted endowment funds Quasi-endowment funds

Total endowment net assets

The change in endowment net assets for the years ended June 30 were as follows:

	Unrestricted	Temporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted	Total
		(in thousand	s of dollars)	
Endowment net assets - beginning of year	\$ 1,369,918	\$ 618,607	\$ 519,695	\$ 2,508,220
Endowment return:				
Endowment earnings	23,649	-	1,651	25,300
Net gains	11,197	8,447	874	20,518

45,818 Total endowment return 34,846 8,447 2,525 Gifts 769 34,051 34,820 Net distributions (39,737)(43,595)(83,332)Net transfers 115,182 115,182 \$ 1,480,978 583,459 556,271 \$ 2,620,708 Endowment net assets - end of year

	2011						
	Unrestricted		emporarily Restricted	Permanently Restricted		Total	
	(in thousands of dollars)						
Endowment net assets - beginning of year	\$ 1,079,802	\$	440,996	\$	499,173	\$ 2,019,971	
Endowment return:							
Endowment earnings	22,245		-		2,247	24,492	
Net gains	255,499		209,044		165	464,708	
Total endowment return	277,744		209,044		2,412	489,200	
Gifts	664		-		18,110	18,774	
Net distributions	(46,096)		(31,433)		-	(77,529)	
Net transfers	57,804		-		-	57,804	
Endowment net assets - end of year	\$ 1,369,918	\$	618,607	\$	519,695	\$ 2,508,220	

Approximately 99 percent of the University's endowment funds are collectively managed in a broadly diversified pool of assets called the consolidated investment pool. The Investment Committee of the Board of Trustees provides advice to University management, including the approval of endowment investment guidelines, objectives, and policies, and it is responsible for reviewing the selection of investment advisors and investment performance.

The asset allocation policy is established with the intent of optimizing long-term portfolio returns while minimizing market and manager risks. It reflects a desire for portfolio diversification by incorporating allocations across several broad asset classes, including: domestic equity, international equity, and emerging markets equity; fixed income; real assets; marketable alternatives; and nonmarketable alternatives.

Real assets are physical assets, as well as financial assets associated with such physical assets, whose income streams and/or fair values tend to rise with inflation, including real estate, natural resources, commodities, and other hard assets. Marketable alternatives consist of distressed debt and hedging strategies, including event-driven hedging strategies, such as merger or credit arbitrage, and value-driven hedging strategies, such as long/short, market neutral, and other hedging strategies. Non-marketable alternatives are private equity or equity-like holdings, such as mezzanine and subordinated debt, in venture, buyout, or recapitalized companies or properties.

2012

NOTE 12: FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

The University accounts for expenses according to major classes of program services or functions. Functional expenses for the years ended June 30 consist of the following:

	2012			2011	
	(in thousands of dollars)			lars)	
Instruction	\$	504,746	\$	476,743	
Research		677,696		664,815	
Public service		94,687		98,865	
Academic support		146,634		140,642	
Libraries		45,445		50,229	
Student services		119,543		123,648	
Institutional support		174,483		173,682	
Auxiliary enterprises		125,896		122,040	
Total functional expenses	\$ 1	1,889,130	\$	1,850,664	

Costs related to the operation and maintenance of property, including depreciation of property and equipment and interest on related debt, are allocated to program and support activities based upon salary effort.

NOTE 13: RELATED PARTIES

The University has relationships and affiliation agreements with separately incorporated entities including UPMC and affiliated hospitals and UPP. These relationships include a common paymaster arrangement for certain University School of Medicine (SOM) faculty with academic and clinical responsibilities; contractual obligations for UPMC and UPP to support certain educational and research functions at the University; and property rental agreements. Transactions with all related entities are conducted at arm's length in the ordinary course of business and are discussed below.

Certain University SOM faculty and staff provide clinical services through their University appointments to UPMC, UPP, and affiliated hospitals. The University invoices these entities monthly for reimbursement of the clinical portion of the associated compensation costs. SOM faculty members having both a University academic appointment and a separate, external appointment for clinical responsibilities participate in the common paymaster arrangement for purposes of determining appropriate FICA taxation. In addition to the reimbursable compensation costs, the University also engages in other transac-

tions with these entities, which include providing certain facilities-related services, telephone, mailing, printing, and various other services, which are reimbursed at cost. Reimbursements from UPMC, UPP, and affiliated hospitals for clinical compensation and other costs totaled \$128.6 million and \$119.2 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively.

In 1998, the University signed a 10-year agreement with UPMC that included financial commitments designed to further the two entities' commitment to their interrelated teaching, research, clinical care, and community service missions. As part of the agreement, UPMC provides \$12.5 million annually in funding for the SOM. UPMC also provides additional funding up to \$2.5 million annually on a matching basis. The match is on a one-to-two basis with UPMC matching \$1 for every \$2 provided by the University to support health sciences programs. The University has received this match each year since the inception of the agreement. This agreement was amended in 2007 under essentially the same terms, except for a provision to provide an additional \$10.0 million per year in 2007, increased annually by \$0.5 million

from 2008 through 2016. The University received \$27.5 million and \$27.0 million (including the annual match) in 2012 and 2011, respectively. These amounts are reported as other revenue in the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

The agreement was further amended in 2009 to include additional financial support from UPMC through the Children's Hospital of Pittsburgh of UPMC (CHP) to the University of approximately \$7.5 million annually related to an agreement detailing the transfer of certain pediatric research programs from CHP to the University. This transfer standardized procedures, eliminated duplication of services, improved efficiency, reduced costs, and enhanced recruitment efforts for pediatric programs. The University received \$8.6 million and \$7.8 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, related to this additional support. These amounts are reported as sales and services, educational and other, in the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

Additionally, UPMC provided support to various departments within the SOM to augment their operating budgets. These payments were made to those departments which do not generate sufficient revenues to meet their research and academic costs. Payments made by UPMC for this purpose totaled \$8.6 million and \$7.5 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are reported as sales and services, educational and other, in the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

UPMC also provided \$13.1 million and \$12.7 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, of contractual dean's tax, which represents additional support for the academic and research activities of the SOM. This activity is reported as sales and services, educational and other, in the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

The University is involved in certain rental arrangements where the University acts as both lessor or lessee with UPMC and its affiliates. Rental revenue from UPMC and affiliates totaled \$9.9 million and \$9.8 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively. Rent expense paid to UPMC and affiliates totaled \$24.6 million and \$23.6 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively.

UPMC serves as the provider of health insurance coverage to all eligible University employees who enroll in

the plan. The University is self-insured for these costs and reimburses UPMC for actual claims cost. Health insurance expense including administrative fees totaled \$110.8 million and \$97.1 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, and is reported as fringe benefit expense on the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

UPMC receives federal matching funds for costs incurred by academic medical centers for medical assistance services. The funds are remitted to the University to support the activities of the SOM, the Western Psychiatric Institute and Clinic (WPIC), the Center for Public Health Practice, and the clinic within the School of Dental Medicine. These remittances were \$8.4 million and \$16.6 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are reported as commonwealth appropriation revenue in the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

In 2003, the University and UPMC created the Medical and Health Sciences Foundation (MHSF), a separate 501(c)(3) organization. The mission of MHSF is to create a unified fundraising organization for the University's schools of the health sciences and UPMC. The arrangement calls for the cost of MHSF to be split evenly between the University and UPMC. In 2012 and 2011, UPMC's share of total operating costs for MHSF totaled \$4.0 million and \$3.9 million, respectively, and is reported as other revenue in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. All gifts generated by MHSF are credited to the University or UPMC based upon donor intent.

In November 2004, the University entered into an agreement with UPMC to jointly construct and own the Carillo Street steam plant, a gas-fired steam-generating facility. The plant provides steam to each entity's respective buildings and is managed by the University. The University maintains an ownership interest of 78.1%, with UPMC having an ownership interest of 21.9%.

A lease arrangement exists between the University and the commonwealth for WPIC. Since 1949, the University has managed WPIC under an agreement between the University and the commonwealth whereby the University rents for a consideration of \$1 per year the land, building, equipment, and other items that are used by WPIC. The agreement provides for continuing terms of 10 years each; however, this agreement is cancelable by either party on one year's written notice. In

1992, the University subleased to UPMC the land, building, equipment, and other items subject to the current lease arrangement between the commonwealth and the University. This sublease arrangement continued to be in effect during 2012 and 2011. Included in property, plant, and equipment is \$197.9 million and \$194.2 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, related to the land, buildings, and equipment used by WPIC. Accumulated depreciation related to these assets totaled \$157.0 million and \$152.5 million at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively.

The University also has an arrangement with UPMC whereby certain research-related costs incurred by UPMC

(primarily staff compensation) in relation to WPIC and the University of Pittsburgh Cancer Institute (UPCI) research awards are charged to such awards via an electronic billing and reimbursed to UPMC each month. Payments totaled \$33.6 million in 2012 and \$33.7 million in 2011 and are recorded as expenses in the Consolidated Statements of Activities. All billings are recorded at cost.

UPMC provided support payments to UPCI for various subsidies, research initiatives, and general support. These payments totaled \$11.1 million and \$10.1 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively, and are primarily reported in other revenue in the Consolidated Statements of Activities.

Note 14: Commitments and Contingencies

At June 30, 2012 and 2011, the University had outstanding contractual commitments of \$136.6 million and \$138.2 million, respectively, for property, plant, and equipment expenditures.

The University engages in various leasing activities as both a lessor and lessee. Rental revenue from operating leases was \$18.2 million and \$18.5 million in 2012 and 2011, respectively. Rental expense for operating leases was \$48.7 million in 2012 and \$47.0 million in 2011. Minimum future rental revenue and expense under operating leases that have initial or remaining noncancelable lease terms for the years ended June 30 are as follows:

	Rental		I	Rental			
	Revenue			xpense			
	(in thousands of dollars)						
2013	\$	16,381	\$	43,689			
2014	\$	13,226	\$	40,539			
2015	\$	12,385	\$	38,323			
2016	\$	11,764	\$	26,197			
2017	\$	2,616	\$	20,791			
Thereafter	\$	9,137	\$	151,804			

The University is a defendant in a number of legal actions seeking damages and other relief from the University. While the final outcome of each action cannot be determined at this time, legal counsel and University management are of the opinion that the liability, if any, in these legal actions will not have a material adverse effect on the University's consolidated financial statements.

The University receives significant financial assistance from the federal government including the sponsorship of federal research projects. Research grants and contracts normally provide for the recovery of direct and indirect costs. Recovery of indirect costs is recorded at predetermined rates negotiated with the federal government. Entitlement to these resources for the recovery of the applicable direct and related indirect costs is generally conditioned upon compliance with the terms and conditions of the grant agreements and applicable federal regulations, including the expenditure of the resources for eligible purposes. Substantially all grants and the University's indirect cost rate are subject to financial and compliance reviews and audits by the grantors. In management's opinion, the likelihood of a material adverse outcome upon the University's financial position from those reviews and audits is remote.

The University conducts a review of contracts and agreements that may contain guarantees, including loan guarantees such as standby letters of credit and indemnifications. In certain contracts, the University agrees to indemnify a third-party service provider under certain circumstances. Pursuant to its bylaws, the University provides indemnification to directors, officers and, in some cases, employees and agents against certain liabilities incurred as a result of service provided on behalf of or at the request of the University. The terms of indemnity vary from agreement to agreement, and the amount of indemnification, if any, cannot be reasonably determined.

Note 15: Subsequent Events

The University has evaluated subsequent events through September 18, 2012, the date on which the consolidated financial statements were issued, and determined that there were no subsequent events requiring disclosure or adjustment to the consolidated financial statements.

MEMBERS Ex-Officio (Nonvoting)

Tom Corbett, Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Ronald J. Tomalis, Secretary of Education of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania

Rich Fitzgerald, Chief Executive of Allegheny County

Luke Ravenstahl, Mayor of the City of Pittsburgh

MEMBERS Ex-Officio (Voting)

Mark A. Nordenberg, Chancellor and Chief Executive Officer

TERM TRUSTEES

2008 - 12Eva Tansky Blum George L. Miles Jr. Marlee S. Myers Robert A. Paul Robert P. Randall 2009 - 13

Suzanne W. Broadhurst Dawne S. Hickton

Thomas H. O'Brien Charles M. Steiner

2010 - 14

Robert M. Hernandez John A. Swanson Burton M. Tansky

Sam S. Zacharias

2011-15

Charles E. Bunch Robert G. Lovett Martha Hartle Munsch Stephen R. Tritch

SPECIAL TRUSTEES

2008 - 12Catherine D. DeAngelis Daniel C. Marino

Tracey T. Travis

2009 - 13J. Brett Harvey Roberta A. Luxbacher Susan P. McGalla Thomas E. Richards

2010 – 14

Mary Ellen Callahan Terrence P. Laughlin William E. Strickland Jr.

Thomas J. Usher

A. David Tilstone

2011 - 15

G. Nicholas Beckwith III John H. Pelusi Jr. Emil M. Spadafore Jr.

ALUMNI TRUSTEES

2008 - 12

Brian Generalovich, DMD

2009 - 13

Bobbie Gaunt

Bryant J Salter

2010 - 14

F. James McCarl III

Keith E. Schaefer

2011 - 15

Michael A. Bryson

COMMONWEALTH TRUSTEES

G: Governor appointment H: House appointment S: Senate appointment

2008 - 12

Jay Costa, Jr. (S)

Ira J. Gumberg (G)

John Wright Joyce (H)

2009 - 13

Sy Holzer (G)

William K. Lieberman (S)

Thomas L. VanKirk (H)

2010 – 14

John A. Maher III (H)

Morgan K. O'Brien (G)

John J. Verbanac (S)

2011-15

Dan B. Frankel

(G 2007-2011)

Herbert S. Shear (H)

Mary Jo White

(S 2007-2011)

EMERITUS TRUSTEES

Ruggero J. Aldisert

J. David Barnes

Steven C. Beering

Thomas G. Bigley

Frank V. Cahouet

John G. Conomikes

George A. Davidson Jr.

Herbert P. Douglas Jr.

Helen S. Faison

D. Michael Fisher

E. Jeanne Gleason

J. Roger Glunt

Henry L. Hillman

Earl F. Hord

A. Alice Kindling

Paul E. Lego

John C. Marous

Frank E. Mosier

Alfred L. Moyé

H. Lee Noble

Anthony J.F. O'Reilly

James C. Roddey

Evans Rose Jr.

Farrell Rubenstein

Richard P. Simmons

Dick Thornburgh

Edward P. Zemprelli

The financial statements have been reviewed and approved by the University's Audit Committee. The Audit Committee is comprised of outside directors having requisite financial expertise and meets regularly with University management and both internal and external auditors to review internal accounting controls, audit issues, and financial reporting matters. The committee meets with the external auditors in private sessions and is also responsible for approving the independent auditing firm retained each year. Nonvoting representatives on the committee include members of the University's administration as well as student, faculty, and staff representatives.